



Noemi Ripert

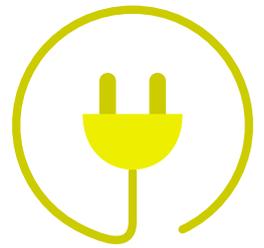
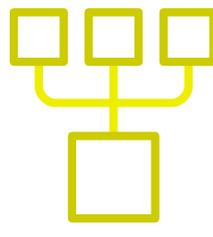
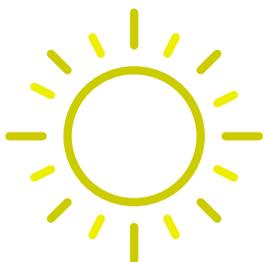
Project Name: Queens Hall, High Street, RH175EL.
Parish Council

Phone: 01444 454 276

Address: Queens Hall, High Street, RH17 5EL

Date Created: 13th March 2024

Designer: Brian Bonner



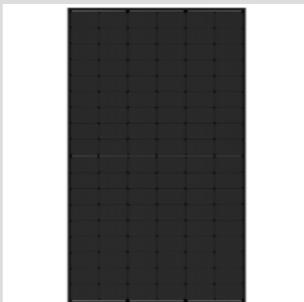
System Overview

Your system comprises **50 Jinko Tiger Neo 440W N-Type All Black Mono solar panels** to collect sunlight and turn it into DC electricity.

The panels will be connected to **1 Growatt 25KTL3-X 3ph inverter** and **1 SolaX X3 G4 15.0 FIT AC inverter**, which convert the DC electricity into mains (AC) electricity.

A **SolaX Triple 5.8kWh LFP Battery battery storage system** will allow you to store excess energy from sunny days, so that you can use your generated electricity at night too.

We include all the isolators, wiring and meters needed to connect the system safely to your electrical system. Your system will be installed and certified by our trained installation team.



Solar Panels: Jinko Tiger Neo 440W N-Type All Black Mono x 50

No description

Model	JKM440N-54HL4R-B
Power	440 watts
Dimensions	1134 x 1762mm

Inverter



Growatt 25KTL3-X 3ph

The new Growatt KTL-3 offers an easy to use OLED display, with a sleek new design which is 40% lighter and more compact than the previous model.



SolaX X3 G4 15.0 FIT AC

The SolaX X1 G4 FIT is the perfect retrofit ac charging solution for triple power batteries.

System components



Battery: SolaX Triple 5.8kWh LFP Battery x 2

With a 10-year warranty and 90% depth of discharge, the new Triple Power battery is a flexible, practical, high-performance energy storage.

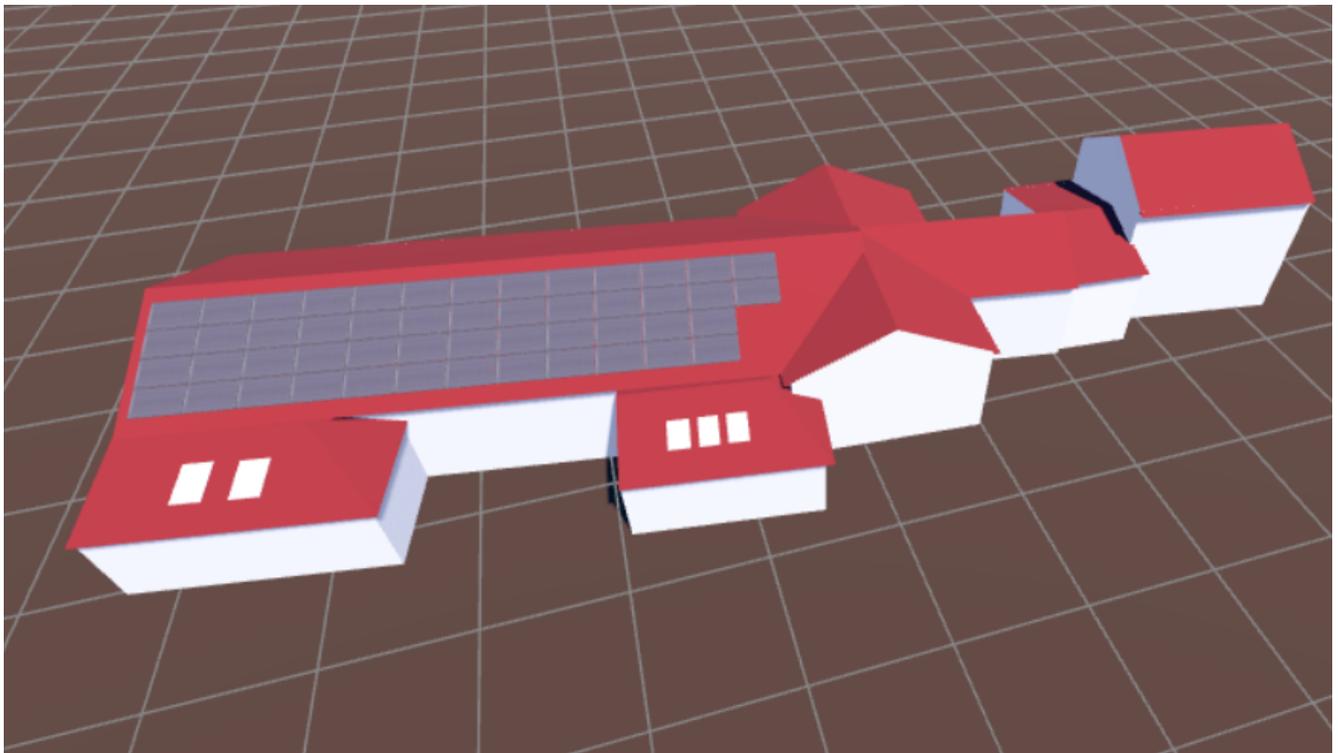
Capacity	5.800 kWh
Quantity	2



Mounting: Fastensol pitched roof mounting system

Fastensol are an excellent value, fully MCS accredited choice for pitched roof mounting systems, suitable for the majority of roof types.

Designed for	Plain Tile roofs
Colour	Not specified



System Performance

We have made an estimate of the annual energy generation of your system. This takes into account the following factors that affect the output of a solar array.

The location of the system

Sunlight is weaker near the poles than near the equator. We use data from a meteorological model of the intensity of sunlight over the course of the year in different locations all over the world.

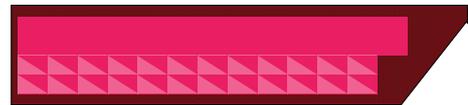
The orientation of the system

Solar panels that face south receive a little more sunlight than panels that face east or west. However, in diffuse light the orientation of the panels makes little difference, so the effect is less marked than many people imagine.

The degree of shading

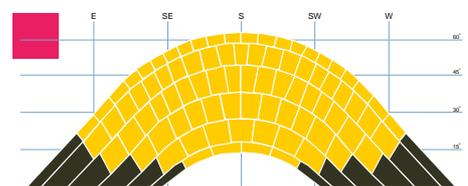
If you have trees, neighbouring buildings or nearby high ground that will shade your PV array, the output of the system will be reduced. We have used a 'sunpath diagram' that estimates how often sunlight will be blocked from reaching the panels.

Roof diagram

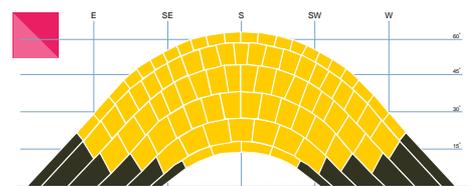


Roof South Orientation: 8° Pitch: 24°

Sunpath diagrams



Shade factor: 1.00 Kk: 1099



Shade factor: 1.00 Kk: 1099

**We expect your system to generate
24,178 kWh per year**

Installation data

Installation capacity of PV system – kWp (stc)	22 kWp
Orientation of the PV system – degrees from South	8°
Inclination of system (pitch) – degrees from horizontal	24°
Postcode region	Zone 2

Performance Calculations

kWh/kWp (Kk)	See sunpath diagrams
Shade Factor (SF)	See sunpath diagrams
Estimated output (kWp x Kk x SF)	24178 kWh

Important note: The performance of solar PV systems is impossible to predict with certainty due to the variability in the amount of sunlight from location to location and from year to year. This estimate is based upon a model that takes account of meteorological data at your location and makes an allowance for losses due to shading of the panels. This is a complex calculation however, and no model can be 100% accurate. It should not be considered a guarantee of performance.

If shading is present on your system that will reduce its output to the factor stated. This factor was calculated using industry standard shading methodology and we believe that this will yield results within 10% of the actual energy estimate stated for most systems.

Your energy explained

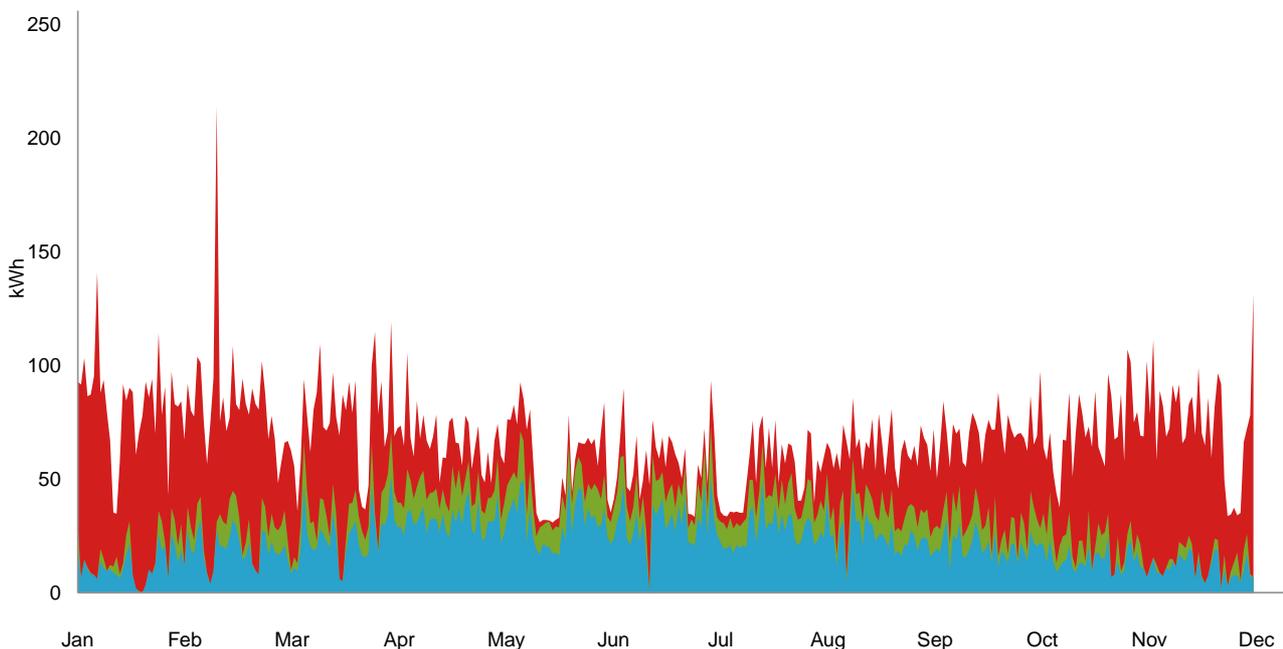
In addition to the MCS calculation of system output we have run a more detailed model of your system to estimate how much of the electricity generated by the system you are likely to use yourself and how much will go to the grid.

Smart Export Guarantee (SEG) information

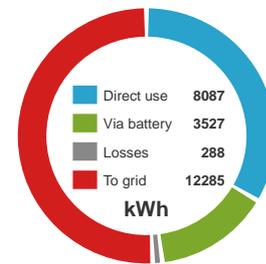
The Smart Export Guarantee (SEG) enables Generators to receive payments from electricity suppliers for the electricity they export back to the National Grid, providing specific criteria are met. Your installation will be MCS accredited, which means that you should be able to apply for SEG payments from your electricity supplier. Further details on the SEG and its eligibility requirements, including how to apply, can be found online at ofgem.gov.uk

Where your electricity will come from in a typical year

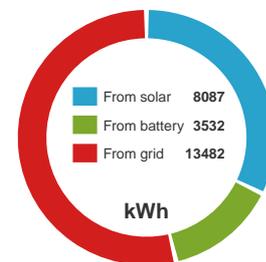
Based on an electricity usage of 25,000 kWh per year, the graph below shows how much electricity used in the property is expected to come directly from the solar panels (blue), how much is expected to come from battery storage (green), and how much is expected to be imported from the grid (red).



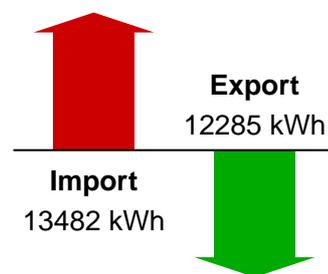
Annual Generation



Annual Consumption



Annual Import/Export



Environmental Benefits

Your new PV system will supply your property with clean, green electricity - and in sunny periods some will also be exported back to the grid.

Overall you'll be making a big contribution to reducing CO₂ not just by lowering the carbon intensity of your own electricity, but by putting low-carbon electricity back in the grid for others to use too.

Your current electricity supply produces

5,308 kg CO₂
each year

44% will be supplied by solar, saving

2,340 kg CO₂
each year

13,158 kWh will be exported, saving

2,794 kg CO₂
each year

Total savings

5,134 kg CO₂
each year

Your yearly CO₂
reduction of 5,134 kg
is equal to...



a car ride of 18,335
miles

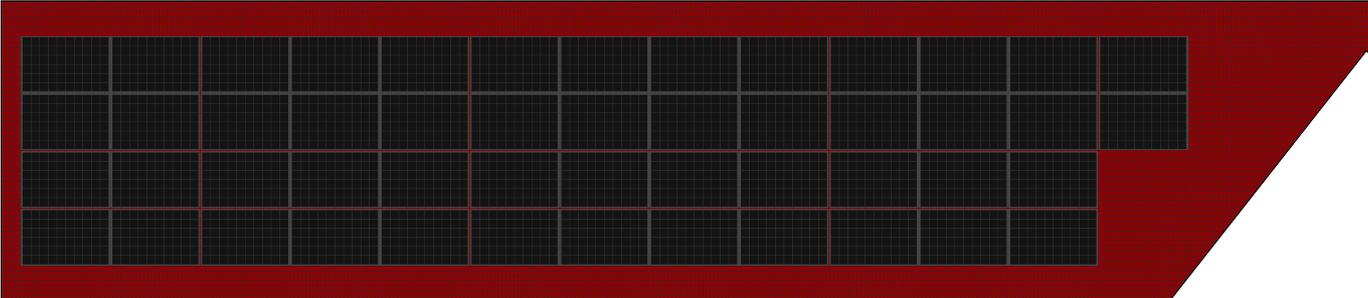


CO₂ absorbed by 235
trees

Disclaimer: We calculate and compare the likely annual CO₂ emissions for your home based on your generation and usage with the solar PV system detailed in this document versus estimates for a property like yours using energy from the grid. Your actual CO₂ emissions will depend on lots of factors, like how much energy your solar panels generate, how much of this energy you use directly and how much energy you continue to use from the grid. To calculate what these savings equate to in miles driven, we base this on the CO₂ emissions of an average sized diesel car as outlined in the UK government's 'Greenhouse gas reporting: conversion factors 2022' (<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/greenhouse-gas-reporting-conversion-factors-2022>). To calculate what these savings equate to as the average amount of CO₂ absorbed by trees, we base this on a rate of 25kg per tree per year. Trees absorb anywhere between 10 and 40kg of CO₂ per year on average, depending on a whole host of factors including the species, location, planting density, and age.

Roof Layout

Roof South



Component list

Item

Quantity



Jinko Tiger Neo 440W N-Type All Black Mono solar panel

50



Growatt 25KTL3-X 3ph inverter

1



SolaX X3 G4 15.0 FIT AC inverter

1



Emlite EMP1 3ph Meter

1



Label sheet

2



GivEnergy All-in-one to Ring Terminal Cable

1



2 x Smoke Alarms

1



AC isolator - IMO - 63A 4-pole

2



K&N DC isolator - KGD40-3

2



MC4 10mm Connector Pair

4



MC4 16mm Connector Pair

4



AC isolator - IMO - 32A 4-pole

2



SolaX Triple 5.8kWh LFP Battery (Master Console)

1



SolaX Triple 5.8kWh LFP Battery (Slave Console)

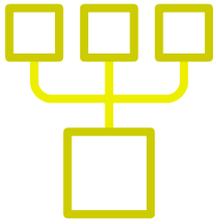
1



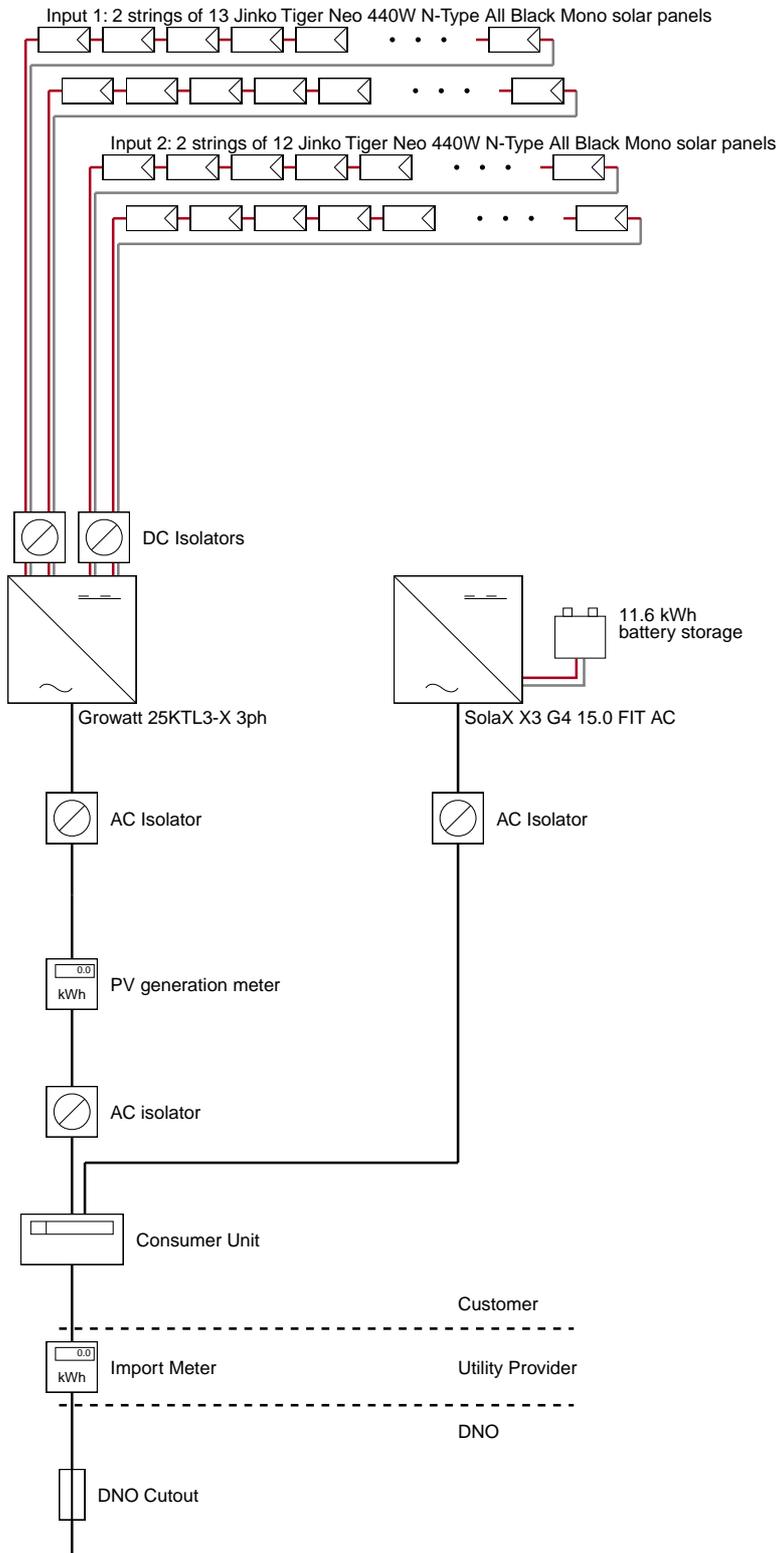
100m reel of 10mm² solar cable

2

	50m reel of 16mm ² solar cable	4
	Fastensol black universal clamp	108
	Fastensol black end cap	16
	Fastensol portrait flat tile roof hook	160
	Genius flat tile	160
	Fastensol rail splice	48
	BB200evo Reinforced BirdBlocker (30m)	2
	Fastensol silver rail 3550mm	52



Schematic diagram

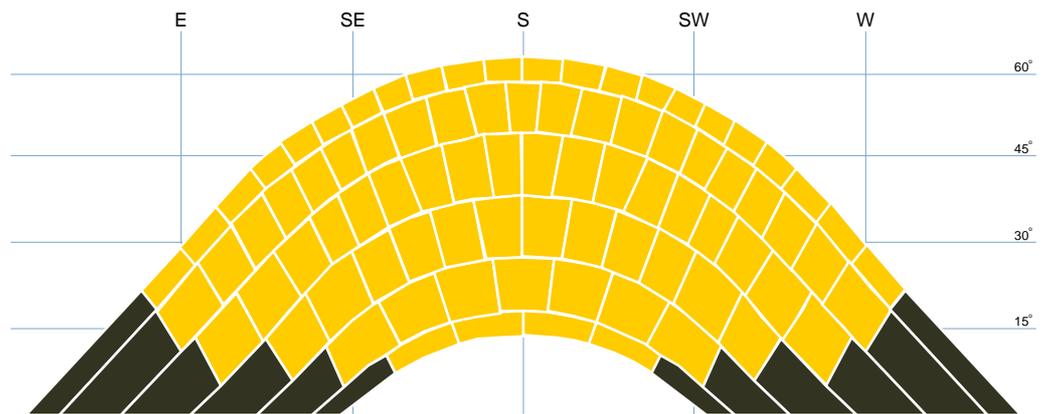
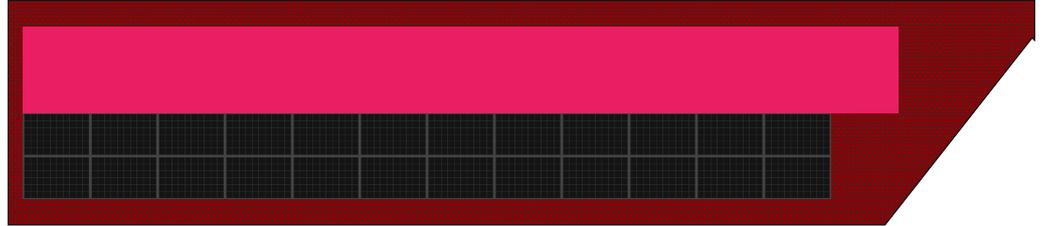


Solar PV Schematic
For Noemi Ripert At Queens
Hall, High Street RH17
5EL 13th March 2024

Inverter 1

Growatt 25KTL3-X 3ph

Input 1



A. Installation data

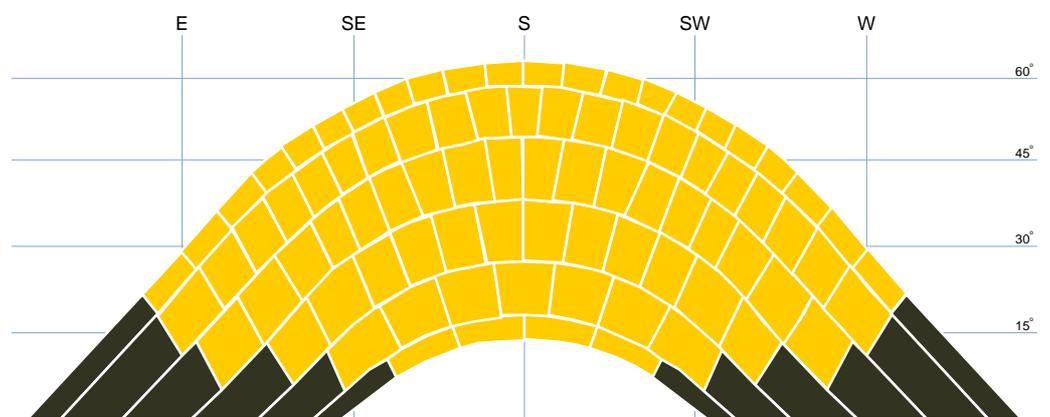
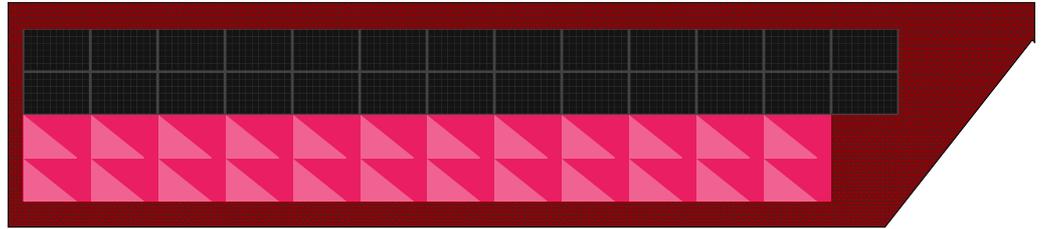
Installed capacity of PV system – kWp (stc)	11.440	kWp
Orientation of the PV system – degrees from South	8	°
Inclination of system – degrees from horizontal	24	°
Postcode region	2	



B. Performance calculations

kWh/kWp (Kk)	1099	kWh/kWp
Shade factor (SF)	1.00	
Estimated output (kWp x Kk x SF)	12573	kWh

Input 2



A. Installation data

Installed capacity of PV system – kWp (stc)	10.560	kWp
Orientation of the PV system – degrees from South	8	°
Inclination of system – degrees from horizontal	24	°
Postcode region	2	



B. Performance calculations

kWh/kWp (Kk)	1099	kWh/kWp
Shade factor (SF)	1.00	
Estimated output (kWp x Kk x SF)	11605	kWh



Financial

Generation

The system is expected to generate 24178 kWh per year initially, decreasing gradually as the solar cells degrade. Over the 25 year term of this financial projection the total generation is expected to be 558807 kWh, of which 558807 kWh will be consumed on site and 0 kWh exported.



Payback

After adjusting projected costs and benefits for inflation, and applying a discount rate of 4%, the initial system cost of £25,274.48 is expected to be recouped after 4 years.



Net Present Value

The total present value of future benefits and costs, using a discount rate of 4% per year, is £131,138.09. The cost of the PV system is £25,274.48. The net present value of the project is therefore £105,863.61. A positive net present value is a good indication that the project is financially worthwhile.



IRR

The Internal Rate of Return is a useful measure for comparing the relative profitability of investments.



Disclaimer

Our financial model calculates the benefits of a solar PV installation (such as savings in electricity, or payments for exported electricity) and costs (the initial purchase cost, and any future maintenance costs if entered), over the projected lifespan of the system. Values are corrected for inflation, system degradation, and discount rate - a measure that accounts for the fact that a promise of a monetary sum in the distant future is usually considered less valuable than the promise of the same sum in the near future.

A model is only as accurate as the assumptions it makes. You should consider whether the values chosen are appropriate for your situation. There are many variables that dictate the financial return of a solar installation and we cannot forecast how they may change in the future. This financial projection shows a likely scenario for future financial returns. Actual returns may vary significantly from this forecast.

Assumptions

Inflation rate	2%
Cost of electricity	£0.3 /kWh <small>increases with inflation</small>
System size	22 kWp <small>degrades at 0.5% per year</small>
Discount rate	4%
Projection length	25 years

Income and savings

The projected income from the system over the project lifetime in payments for generated and exported electricity, along with electricity savings, are shown in the table and graph below.

These figures assume an inflation rate of 2 percent.

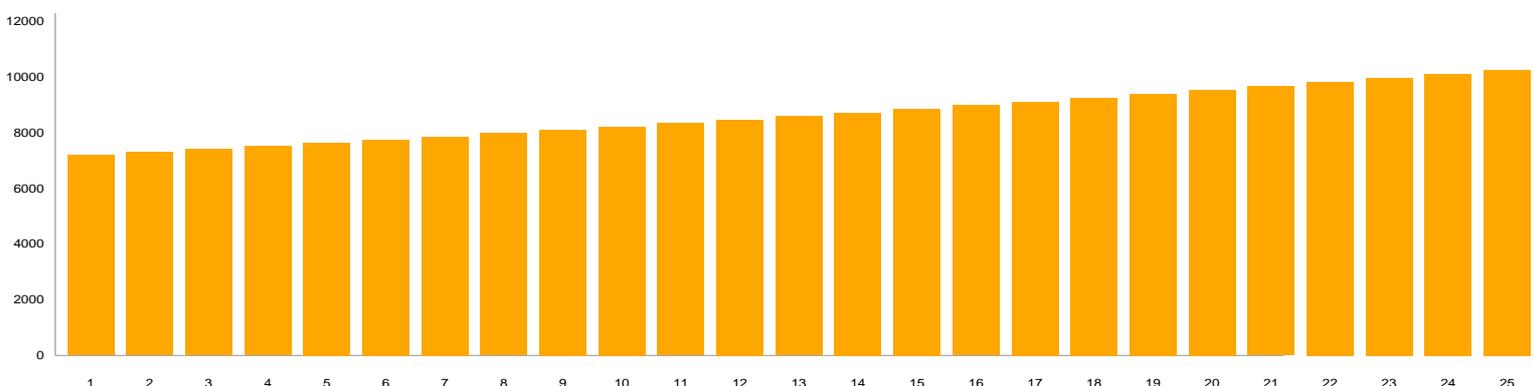
	Export payments	Electricity savings	Total
Year 1	0	7188	7188
Year 2	0	7295	7295
Year 3	0	7404	7404
Year 4	0	7514	7514
Year 5	0	7626	7626
Year 6	0	7740	7740
Year 7	0	7855	7855
Year 8	0	7972	7972
Year 9	0	8091	8091
Year 10	0	8211	8211
Year 11	0	8334	8334
Year 12	0	8458	8458
Year 13	0	8584	8584
Year 14	0	8712	8712
Year 15	0	8842	8842
Year 16	0	8973	8973
Year 17	0	9107	9107
Year 18	0	9243	9243
Year 19	0	9380	9380
Year 20	0	9520	9520
Year 21	0	9662	9662
Year 22	0	9806	9806
Year 23	0	9952	9952
Year 24	0	10100	10100
Year 25	0	10251	10251



Total Export Payments
over 25 years



Electricity savings
over 25 years

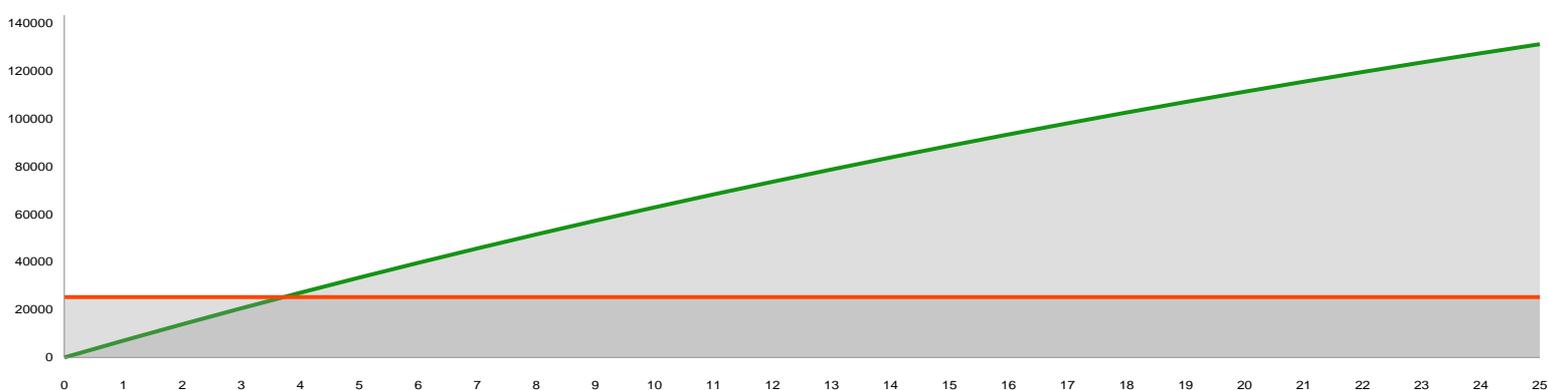


The bottom line

The table and graph below show the discounted costs for the project (including the initial capital required for the installation), against the total discounted benefits from income and savings on electricity bills.

The system pays for itself in 4 years.

	Discounted benefits	Cumulative benefits	Discounted costs	Cumulative costs	Cashflow
Year 1	7044	7044	0	25274	-18230
Year 2	6863	13907	0	25274	-11367
Year 3	6687	20594	0	25274	-4680
Year 4	6515	27109	0	25274	1835
Year 5	6348	33457	0	25274	8182
Year 6	6184	39641	0	25274	14367
Year 7	6026	45667	0	25274	20392
Year 8	5871	51537	0	25274	26263
Year 9	5720	57257	0	25274	31983
Year 10	5573	62830	0	25274	37556
Year 11	5430	68260	0	25274	42985
Year 12	5290	73550	0	25274	48276
Year 13	5154	78704	0	25274	53430
Year 14	5022	83726	0	25274	58452
Year 15	4893	88619	0	25274	63344
Year 16	4767	93386	0	25274	68111
Year 17	4645	98030	0	25274	72756
Year 18	4525	102556	0	25274	77281
Year 19	4409	106964	0	25274	81690
Year 20	4296	111260	0	25274	85986
Year 21	4185	115445	0	25274	90171
Year 22	4078	119523	0	25274	94249
Year 23	3973	123496	0	25274	98221
Year 24	3871	127367	0	25274	102092
Year 25	3771	131138	0	25274	105864



Quote



Noemi Ripert
Queens Hall
High Street
RH17 5EL

Quote reference: 809489
Quote date: 14/03/2024
Quote by: Brian Bonner
Quote validity: 30 days

Description of goods and services

Price

Goods

50x Jinko Tiger Neo 440W N-Type All Black Mono solar panel
Growatt 25KTL3-X 3ph inverter
SolaX X3 G4 15.0 FIT AC inverter
Emlite EMP1 3ph Meter
2x Label sheet
GivEnergy All-in-one to Ring Terminal Cable
2 x Smoke Alarms
2x AC isolator - IMO - 63A 4-pole
2x K&N DC isolator - KGD40-3
4x MC4 10mm Connector Pair
4x MC4 16mm Connector Pair
2x AC isolator - IMO - 32A 4-pole
SolaX Triple 5.8kWh LFP Battery (Master Console)
SolaX Triple 5.8kWh LFP Battery (Slave Console)
2x 100m reel of 10mm² solar cable
4x 50m reel of 16mm² solar cable
108x Fastensol black universal clamp
16x Fastensol black end cap
160x Fastensol portrait flat tile roof hook
160x Genius flat tile
48x Fastensol rail splice
2x BB200evo Reinforced BirdBlocker (30m)
52x Fastensol silver rail 3550mm

Services

Installation
Scaffolding
10% Community Building Discount

TotalbeforeVAT £25,274.48

VATat0% £0.00

Total including VAT £25,274.48

Order form

To proceed with this order please sign below to acknowledge that you have read and accept the information contained within this quote document and our terms and conditions.

Customersignature

Customername

Date
